SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-0

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarter ended March 31, 2003 Commission file number 1-13905 _____

COMPX INTERNATIONAL INC.

_____ (Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

_____ (State or other jurisdiction of organization)

57-0981653 _____ (IRS Employer Identification No.)

5430 LBJ Freeway, Suite 1700, Dallas, Texas 75240-2697 _____ (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (972) 448-1400 _____

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No X ___

Number of shares of common stock outstanding on May 2, 2003: Class A: 5,115,780 Class B: 10,000,000

COMPX INTERNATIONAL INC.

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Part I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS	December 31, 2002	March 31, 2003
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Income taxes receivable from affiliates Other receivable from affiliate Refundable income taxes Inventories Prepaid expenses and other Deferred income taxes	\$ 12,407 22,924 352 1,378 28,876 3,422 1,983	<pre>\$ 11,132 25,500 331 273 1,222 28,225 4,190 1,940</pre>
Total current assets	71,342	72,813
Other assets: Goodwill Other intangible assets Prepaid rent Other	40,729 2,183 426 233	41,125 2,122 220 440
Total other assets	43,571	43,907
Property and equipment: Land Buildings Equipment Construction in progress	29,452 102,347 3,548	4,637 30,032 107,009 3,971
	139,691	145,649

Less accumulated	depreciation	54,512	59,872
Net property	and equipment	85 , 179	85 , 777
		\$200,092	\$202,497

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (CONTINUED)

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	December 31, 2002	March 31, 2003
Current liabilities:		
Current maturities of long-term debt Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred income taxes Income taxes	\$ 6 21,318 408 419	\$ 20,493 792
Total current liabilities	22,151	21,285
Noncurrent liabilities: Long-term debt Deferred income taxes Deferred gain on sale/leaseback	31,000 4,469 493	32,000 4,634 221
Total noncurrent liabilities	35,962	36,855
Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock Class A common stock Class B common stock Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings Accumulated other comprehensive income - currency translation Treasury stock	62 100 119,387 44,049 (10,304) (11,315)	62 100 119,387 42,718 (6,595) (11,315)
Total stockholders' equity	141,979	144,357
	\$ 200,092	\$ 202,497

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

Three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2003

(In thousands, except per share data)

	2002	2003
Net sales Cost of goods sold	\$ 48,569 38,862	\$51,020 42,197
Gross margin	9,707	8,823
Selling, general and administrative expense	7,187	6,994
Operating income	2,520	1,829
Other general corporate (income) expense, net Interest expense	(311) 683	491 341
Income before income taxes	2,148	997
Provision for income taxes	817	439
Net income	\$ 1,331 ======	\$ 558 ======
Basic and diluted earnings per common share	\$.09 ======	\$.04
Cash dividends per share	\$ 0.125	\$ 0.125 ======
Shares used in the calculation of earnings per share amounts:		
Basic earnings per share Dilutive impact of outstanding stock options	15,103 14	15,116
Diluted earnings per share	15,117 ======	15,116 ======

COMPX INTERNATIONAL INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2003

	2002	2003
Net income	\$ 1,331	\$ 558
	, ,	
Other comprehensive income (loss) -		
currency translation adjustment, net of tax	(198)	3,709
	(190)	
Comprehensive income	\$ 1,133	\$4,267
	+ 1,100	======

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2003

	2002	2003
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income Depreciation and amortization Deferred income taxes Other, net		\$ 558 3,424 (357) 56
Change in assets and liabilities:	5,163	3,681
Accounts receivable Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accounts with affiliates Income taxes Other, net	(1,377) 1,794 (963) 57 (233) 73	(1,885) 1,409 (1,457) (252) 607 (582)
Net cash provided by operating activities	4,514	1,521
Cash flows from investing activities: Capital expenditures Other, net	(3,699)	(2,036) 56
Net cash used by investing activities	(3,699)	(1,980)
Cash flows from financing activities: Indebtedness: Additions Principal payments Deferred financing costs paid Dividends	(13) (1,888)	1,000 (6) (417) (1,889)

Net cash used by financing activities	(1,901)	(1,312)
Cash and cash equivalents - net change from: Operating, investing and financing activities Currency translation Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	(1,086) 420 33,309	(1,771) 496 12,407
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 32,643	\$ 11,132
Supplemental disclosures: Cash paid for: Interest Income taxes	\$ 581 173	\$ 494 175

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Three months ended March 31, 2003

(In thousands)

			Additional		Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	_	Total
		Stock	*	Retained	4	Treasury	stockholders'
	Class A	Class !	B capital	earnings	translation	stock	equity
Balance at December 31, 2002	\$62	\$100	\$119,387	\$ 44,049	\$(10,304)	\$(11,315)	\$ 141,979
Net income				558			558
Other comprehensive income, net					3,709		3,709
Cash dividends				(1,889)			(1,889)
Balance at March 31, 2003	\$62	\$100	\$119 , 387	\$ 42,718	\$ (6,595)	\$(11,315)	\$ 144,357
	===				========		

COMPX INTERNATIONAL INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Basis of presentation:

The consolidated balance sheet of CompX International Inc. and Subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") at December 31, 2002 has been condensed from the Company's audited consolidated financial statements at that date. The consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2003 and the consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the interim periods ended March 31, 2002 and 2003 have been prepared by the Company,

without audit. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows have been made. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for a full year or of future operations. Certain information normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has been condensed or omitted. The accompanying consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002 (the "2002 Annual Report").

Basic earnings per share of common stock is based upon the weighted average number of common shares actually outstanding during each period. Diluted earnings per share of common stock includes the impact of outstanding dilutive stock options.

Commitments and contingencies are discussed in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and the 2002 Annual Report.

The Company is 69% owned by Valhi, Inc. (NYSE: VHI) and Valhi's wholly-owned subsidiary Valcor, Inc. At March 31, 2003, Contran Corporation holds, directly or through subsidiaries, approximately 90% of Valhi's outstanding common stock. Substantially all of Contran's outstanding voting stock is held by trusts established for the benefit of certain children and grandchildren of Harold C. Simmons, of which Mr. Simmons is sole trustee. Mr. Simmons, the Chairman of the Board of each of Contran, Valhi and Valcor, may be deemed to control such companies and the Company.

Stock options. As disclosed in the 2002 Annual Report, the Company accounts for stock-based employee compensation related to stock options using the intrinsic value method in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion ("APBO") No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and its various interpretations. Under APBO No. 25, no compensation cost is generally recognized for fixed stock options in which the exercise price is greater than or equal to the market price on the grant date. Compensation cost recognized by the Company related to stock options in accordance with APBO No. 25 was not significant during the first three months of 2002 or 2003.

The following table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation to stock-based employee compensation related to stock options for all options granted on or after January 1, 1995.

	Three mont March 2002 (In tho	31, 2003
Net income, as reported Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense related to stock options determined under fair value based method for all	\$ 1,331	\$ 558
awards, net of related tax effects	(391)	(219)
Pro forma net income	\$ 940 ======	\$ 339 =====
Earnings per share - basic and diluted: As reported	\$.09 ======	\$.04
Pro forma	\$.06	\$.02

Note 2 - Business segment information:

The Company's operating segments are defined as components of its operations about which separate financial information is available that is regularly evaluated by the chief operating decision maker in determining how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. The Company has three operating segments - CompX Security Products, CompX Waterloo and CompX Regout. The CompX Security Products segment, with manufacturing facilities in South Carolina and Illinois, manufactures locking mechanisms and other security products for sale to the office furniture, banking, vending, computer and other industries. The CompX Waterloo segment, with facilities in Canada, Michigan and Taiwan, and the CompX Regout segment, with facilities in the Netherlands, both manufacture and/or distribute a complete line of precision ball bearing slides for use in office furniture, computer-related equipment, tool storage cabinets and other applications and ergonomic characteristics between the CompX Waterloo and CompX Regout segments and due to the identical products, customer types, production processes and distribution methods shared by these two segments, they have been aggregated into a single reportable segment for segment reporting purposes. Three months ended March 31,

	2002	
		ousands)
Net sales:		
CompX Waterloo/CompX Regout CompX Security Products	\$ 30,388 18,181	\$ 32,591 18,429
Total net sales	\$ 48,569 ======	\$ 51,020
Operating income (loss): CompX Waterloo/CompX Regout CompX Security Products	\$ 411 2,109	
Total operating income	2,520	1,829
Interest expense Other general corporate income (expense), net	(683) 311	(341) (491)
Income before income taxes	\$ 2,148	\$

Note 3 - Inventories:

	December 31, 2002	March 31, 2003
	(In t	housands)
Raw materials Work in process Finished products Supplies	\$ 6,573 12,602 9,532 169	\$ 6,235 12,334 9,499 157
	\$28,876	\$28,225

	December 31, 2002	March 31, 2003
	(In thousands)	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities:	\$ 9,106	\$ 8,504
Employee benefits Insurance	7,065 478	6,271 427
Royalties Restructuring	246 540	202
Deferred gain on sale/leaseback Other	805 3,078	831 4,258
other	5,078	4,258
	\$21,318	\$20,493
	=======	

In 2001, a charge of \$2.7 million was recorded related to a consolidation and rationalization of CompX's European operations. This restructuring effort included headcount reductions of about 35 employees at the Company's Maastricht, the Netherlands facility, substantially all of which had been implemented by December 31, 2001. As adjusted for changes in currency exchange rates, approximately \$3.0 million was paid through March 31, 2003, which satisfied the Company's obligations related to this restructuring.

Note 5 - Indebtedness:

	December 31, 2002	March 31, 2003
	(In thousands)	
Revolving bank credit facility Other	\$31,000 6	\$32,000
Less current maturities	31,006	32,000
	\$31,000	\$32,000 ======

Note 6 - Other general corporate income (expense), net:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2002	2003
	(In th	ousands)
Interest income	\$ 184	\$ 50

Foreign currency transactions, net Defined benefit pension plan settlement gain Other, net	(290) 677 (260)	(595) 54
	\$ 311 =====	\$(491) =====

Note 7 - Provision for income taxes:

	Three mon Marc 2002	ths ended h 31, 2003
	(In th	ousands)
Expected tax expense Non-U.S. tax rates Incremental U.S. tax on earnings of foreign	\$ 752 (87)	\$ 349 (67)
subsidiaries State income taxes Other, net	48 17 87	217 26 (86)
	\$ 817 =====	\$ 439 =====

Note 8 - Foreign currency forward contracts:

Certain of the Company's sales generated by its non-U.S. operations are denominated in U.S. dollars. The Company periodically uses currency forward contracts to manage a portion of foreign exchange rate market risk associated with receivables, or similar exchange rate risk associated with future sales, denominated in a currency other than the holder's functional currency. At each balance sheet date, any such outstanding currency forward contract is marked-to-market with any resulting gain or loss recognized in income currently. These contracts are not accounted for as hedging instruments under SFAS No. 133. At December 31, 2002, the Company held a series of contracts to manage such exchange rate risk to exchange an aggregate of U.S. \$2.5 million for an equivalent amount of Canadian dollars at an exchange rate of Cdn. \$1.57 per U.S. dollar. Such contracts matured through January 2003. At March 31, 2003, the Company did not hold any such contracts.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Overview

The Company reported net income of .6 million in the first quarter of 2003, a decrease of 58% from net income of 1.3 million for the first quarter of 2002.

CompX anticipates continuing its focus on opportunities to rationalize its cost structure throughout 2003. As part of this initiative, CompX is consolidating its two Kitchener, Ontario plants into a single facility and expects substantial completion of this action during the second quarter of 2003. Expenses relating to this consolidation were approximately \$400,000 in the first three months of 2003 and are included in cost of goods sold. The remaining consolidation expenses, expected to be incurred in the second quarter of 2003, should be less than such expenses incurred in the first quarter of 2003 and consist primarily of the cost to move machinery and equipment. No significant cost related to the disposal of fixed assets is currently expected. Benefits associated with such consolidation are expected to begin to be realized in the second half of 2003. Additional cost evaluations are under review which could result in charges for asset impairment, including goodwill, and other costs in future quarters.

Results of Operations

	Three months ended March 31,		
	2002	2003	% Change
	(In millions)		
Net sales:			
CompX Waterloo/CompX Regout CompX Security Products	\$30,388 18,181	\$ 32,591 18,429	
Total net sales	\$48,569 ======	\$ 51,020	+5%
Operating income (loss): CompX Waterloo/CompX Regout CompX Security Products	\$ 411 2,109	\$ (402) 2,231	
Total operating income	\$ 2,520 ======	\$ 1,829	-27%

Sales for the respective product lines in the first quarter of 2002 and 2003 are as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,		
			9
	2002	2003	Change
	(In thousands)		
Precision ball-bearing slides	\$20,538	\$23,169	+13%
Security products	18,181	18,429	+1%
Ergonomic computer support systems	7,818	6,788	-13%
Other products	2,032	2,634	+30%
	\$48,569	\$51,020	+5%

Net sales. Net sales increased \$2.5 million, or 5%, to \$51.0 million in the first quarter of 2003 from \$48.6 million in the first quarter of 2002. Favorable fluctuations in currency exchange rates accounted for \$1.7 million of the increase. Excluding the effects of changes in currency exchange rates, the increase is principally due to increases in sales volume and selling prices for precision ball-bearing slide products partially offset by sales volume decreases of ergonomic computer support systems.

Cost of goods sold. The Company's cost of goods sold increased 9% in the first quarter of 2003 compared to 2002 while net sales increased 5% during the

same period. The Company's gross margin percentage decreased from 20% in 2002 to 17% in 2003. The disproportionate change in cost of goods sold and its effect on gross margins was primarily due to lower revenues from sales of higher-margin ergonomic products as well as the expenses incurred in the first quarter of 2003 related to consolidation of the Company's two Canadian facilities into one facility, discussed above. Fluctuations in currency exchange rates also negatively impacted cost of goods sold.

Operating income. Operating income in the first quarter of 2003 was \$1.8 million compared to \$2.5 million for the first quarter of 2002, decreasing 27% from the first quarter of 2002. As a percentage of net sales, operating income was 4% for the first quarter of 2003 compared to 5% for the first quarter of 2002. Despite the positive effects of continued cost reductions and certain price increases, operating income in the first quarter of 2003 declined as compared to the first quarter of 2002 due to the unfavorable effects of changes in the sales mix (particularly at the CompX Waterloo/CompX Regout segment), unfavorable relative changes in currency exchange rates and expenses associated with the consolidation of the Company's Canadian facilities.

CompX has substantial operations and assets located outside the United States (principally in Canada, the Netherlands and Taiwan). A portion of CompX's sales generated from its non-U.S. operations are denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar, principally the Canadian dollar, the euro and the New Taiwan dollar. In addition, a portion of CompX's sales generated from its non-U.S. operations are denominated in the U.S. dollar. Most raw materials, labor and other production costs for such non-U.S. operations are denominated primarily in local currencies. Consequently, the translated U.S. dollar value of CompX's foreign sales and operating results are subject to currency exchange rate fluctuations which may favorably or unfavorably impact reported earnings and may affect comparability of period-to-period operating results. During the first quarter of 2003, currency exchange rate fluctuations of the Canadian dollar and the euro positively impacted the Company's sales comparisons with the corresponding period of the prior year (principally with respect to slide products) and exchange rate fluctuations of the Canadian dollar, the New Taiwan dollar and the euro negatively impacted the Company's operating income comparisons for the corresponding periods.

The following table summarizes the effect of currency exchange rate fluctuations for the three month periods ended March 31, 2002 and 2003:

	Percentage change - three months ended		
	March 31, Including	2002 vs. 2003 Excluding	
	effects of		
	currency	currency	
	fluctuations	fluctuations	
Net sales:			
CompX Waterloo/CompX Regout	7%	1%	
CompX Security Products	1%	1%	
Total net sales	5%	2%	
Operating income:			
CompX Waterloo/CompX Regout	(198%)	(46%)	
CompX Security Products	6%	6%	
Total operating income	(27%)	(3%)	

Outlook. The current weak economic cycle is expected to continue to negatively impact CompX's results for the remainder of 2003. Given the uncertainty of overall economic conditions and that a significant portion of CompX's revenue is derived from the office furniture industry, which tends to lag in its recovery behind the rest of the economy, CompX continues to emphasize its focus on business opportunities outside of the office furniture industry. Rationalization initiatives begun in 2002 and continuing through the first half of 2003, along with prudent management of capital expenditures and working capital, should strengthen the Company's financial position and favorably position the Company in future quarters.

General Corporate and other items

Other general corporate income (expense), net. The components of other general corporate income (expense), net are summarized in Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, and primarily include interest income, foreign currency transaction gains and losses, gains and losses on disposals of other assets and a settlement gain relating to CompX's terminated defined benefit pension plan in 2002. Interest income decreased in the first quarter of 2003 as compared to the corresponding period in 2002 primarily due to a lower level of funds available for investment.

Interest expense. Interest expense declined in the first quarter of 2003 compared to the first quarter of 2002 due primarily to lower average levels of outstanding indebtedness on CompX's Revolving Bank Credit Agreement offset, in part, by higher interest rates on the Company's outstanding indebtedness. Interest expense is expected to be similarly lower in the second quarter of 2003, as compared to the same period in 2002. For the second half of 2003, interest expense is expected to be slightly higher than the same period in 2002 due to higher interest rates charged on the Company's new Revolving Bank Credit Agreement entered into in January 2003.

Provision for income taxes. The principal reasons for the difference between CompX's effective income tax rates and the U.S. federal statutory income tax rates are explained in Note 7 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. Income tax rates vary by jurisdiction (county and/or state), and relative changes in the geographic mix of CompX's pre-tax earnings can result in fluctuations in the effective income tax rate.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Consolidated cash flows

Operating activities. Trends in cash flows from operating activities, excluding changes in assets and liabilities have generally been similar to the trends in the Company's earnings. Net cash provided by operating activities excluding changes in assets and liabilities totaled \$5.2 million and \$3.7 million in the first quarter of 2002 and 2003, respectively, compared to net income of \$1.3 million and \$.6 million, respectively.

Changes in assets and liabilities result primarily from the timing of production, sales and purchases. Such changes in assets and liabilities generally tend to even out over time and result in trends in cash flows from operating activities generally reflecting earnings trends.

Investing activities. Net cash used by investing activities totaled \$3.7 million and \$2.0 million in the first quarter of 2002 and 2003, respectively.

The capital expenditures for 2003 relate primarily to equipment additions designed to utilize new technologies thereby increasing automation and improving manufacturing efficiencies at the Company's facilities. Capital expenditures for 2003 are estimated at approximately \$11 million, the majority of which relate to projects that emphasize improved production efficiency and the shifting of production capacity to lower cost facilities. Firm purchase commitments for capital projects not commenced at March 31, 2003 approximated \$1.6 million.

Financing activities. Net cash used by financing activities totaled \$1.9 million and \$1.3 million in the first quarter of 2002 and 2003, respectively. The Company paid its regular quarterly dividend of \$1.9 million, or \$.125 per share, in the first quarter of 2003.

In January 2003, the Company replaced its expiring \$100 million unsecured Revolving Senior Credit Facility with a new \$47.5 million secured Revolving Bank Credit Agreement. Under this facility, \$15.5 million was available for future borrowing at March 31, 2003. The new credit agreement is collateralized by substantially all of the Company's United States assets and at least 65% of the ownership interests in the Company's first-tier non-United States subsidiaries. Provisions contained in the Credit Agreement could result in the acceleration of the indebtedness prior to its stated maturity for reasons other than defaults from failing to comply with typical financial covenants. For example, the Company's Credit Agreement allows the lender to accelerate the maturity of the indebtedness upon a change of control (as defined) of the borrower. The terms of the Credit Agreement could result in the acceleration of all or a portion of the indebtedness following a sale of assets outside of the ordinary course of business.

CompX's board of directors has authorized CompX to purchase up to 1.5 million shares of its common stock in open market or privately-negotiated transactions over an unspecified period of time. Through March 31, 2003, the Company had purchased 1.1 million shares pursuant to such authorization for an aggregate of \$11.3 million. None of such shares were purchased during 2003.

Management believes that cash generated from operations and borrowing availability under the Company's Revolving Bank Credit Agreement, together with cash on hand, will be sufficient to meet the Company's liquidity needs for working capital, capital expenditures, debt service and dividends. To the extent that the Company's actual operating results or other developments differ from the Company's expectations, CompX's liquidity could be adversely affected. In this regard, during 2002 and the first quarter of 2003, the Company's earnings per share. Depending upon the Company's future operations and requirements for cash, it is possible the Company may decide to reduce or suspend its quarterly dividend.

The Company periodically evaluates its liquidity requirements, alternative uses of capital, capital needs and available resources in view of, among other things, its capital expenditure requirements, dividend policy and estimated future operating cash flows. As a result of this process, the Company has in the past and may in the future seek to raise additional capital, refinance or restructure indebtedness, issue additional securities, modify its dividend policy, repurchase shares of its common stock or take a combination of such steps to manage its liquidity and capital resources. In the normal course of business, the Company may review opportunities for acquisitions, divestitures, joint ventures or other business combinations in the component products industry. In the event of any such transaction, the Company may consider using available cash, issuing additional equity securities or increasing the indebtedness of the Company or its subsidiaries.

Forward Looking Information

As provided by the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, the Company cautions that the statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q relating to matters that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements that represent management's beliefs and assumptions based on currently available information. Forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "believes," "intends," "may," "should," "anticipates," "expects" or comparable terminology, or by discussions of strategies or trends. Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, it cannot give any assurances that these expectations will prove to be correct. Such statements by their nature involve substantial risks and uncertainties that could significantly impact expected results, and actual future results could differ materially from those described in such forward-looking statements. Among the factors that could cause actual future results to differ materially are the risks and uncertainties discussed in this Quarterly Report and those described from time to time in the Company's other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. While it is not possible to identify all factors, the Company continues to face many risks and uncertainties including, but not limited to the following:

- o Future supply and demand for the Company's products,
- Changes in costs of raw materials and other operating costs (such as energy costs),
- o General global economic and political conditions,
- o Demand for office furniture,
- o Service industry employment levels,
- o The possibility of labor disruptions,
- Competitive products and prices, including increased competition from low-cost manufacturing sources (such as China),
- o Substitute products,
- o Customer and competitor strategies,

- o The introduction of trade barriers,
- o The impact of pricing and production decisions,
- Fluctuations in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to other currencies (such as the euro, Canadian dollar and New Taiwan dollar),
- o Potential difficulties in integrating completed acquisitions,
- o Uncertainties associated with new product development,
- Environmental matters (such as those requiring emission and discharge standards for existing and new facilities),
- o The ultimate outcome of income tax audits,
- o The impact of current or future government regulations,
- o Possible future litigation and
- o Other risks and uncertainties.

Should one or more of these risks materialize (or the consequences of such a development worsen) or should the underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results could differ materially from those forecasted or expected. The Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update publicly or revise such statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In an effort to provide investors with additional information regarding the Company's results of operations as determined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), the Company has disclosed certain non-GAAP information which the Company believes provides useful information to investors:

o The Company discloses percentage changes in its sales and operating income excluding the effects of foreign currency translation, so that such changes can be analyzed without the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, thereby facilitating period-to-period comparisons.

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures.

The Company maintains a system of disclosure controls and procedures. The term "disclosure controls and procedures," as defined by regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), means controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that the Company files or submits to the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Act"), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits to the SEC under the Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive officer and its principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions to be made regarding required disclosure. Each of David A. Bowers, the Company's Vice Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer, and Darryl R. Halbert, the Company's Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Controller, have evaluated the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days of the filing date of this Form 10-Q. Based upon their evaluation, these executive officers have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of the date of such evaluation.

The Company also maintains a system of internal controls. The term "internal controls," as defined by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' Codification of Statement on Auditing Standards, AU Section 319, means controls and other procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of objectives in the reliability of the Company's financial reporting, the effectiveness and efficiency of the Company's operations and the Company's compliance with applicable laws and regulations. There have been no significant changes in the Company's internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect such controls subsequent to the date of their last evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Part II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.

(a) Exhibits

- 99.1 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 99.2 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K

Reports on Form 8-K for the quarter ended March 31, 2003.

February 13, 2003 - Reported item 9.

February 27, 2003 - Reported item 9.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

COMPX INTERNATIONAL INC. (Registrant)

Date May 8, 2003

By /s/ Darryl R. Halbert

Darryl R. Halbert Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Controller

CERTIFICATION

I, David A. Bowers, the Vice Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer of CompX International Inc., certify that:

- I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of CompX International Inc.;
- 2) Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;

- 4) The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
 - c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
- 5) The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
- 6) The registrant's other certifying officer and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: May 8, 2003

/s/ David A. Bowers David A. Bowers Vice Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION

I, Darryl R. Halbert, the Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Controller of CompX International Inc., certify that:

- I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of CompX International Inc.;
- 2) Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4) The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined

in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:

- a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
- evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
- c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
- 5) The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
- 6) The registrant's other certifying officer and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: May 8, 2003

/s/ Darryl R. Halbert

Darryl R. Halbert Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Controller

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of CompX International Inc. (the Company) on Form 10-Q for the period ending March 31, 2003 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report), I, David A. Bowers, Vice Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss. 1350, as adopted pursuant to ss. 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

/s/ David A. Bowers

David A. Bowers Vice Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer

May 8, 2003

* A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to CompX International Inc. and will be retained by CompX International Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request. CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of CompX International Inc. (the Company) on Form 10-Q for the period ending March 31, 2003 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report), I, Darryl R. Halbert, Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Controller of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss.1350, as adopted pursuant to ss.906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

/s/ Darryl R. Halbert

Darryl R. Halbert Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Controller

May 8, 2003

* A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to CompX International Inc. and will be retained by CompX International Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.